Environmental Health
Student Portal
*Usability Test Findings & Recommendations*

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Sandra Williams Hilfiker, MA
Stacy Robison, MPH
Sarah Pomerantz
Home Page
Definition was challenging for some.

Crayon, fonts, colors, and graphics were generally appealing.

Water pollution graphic was confusing for students.

Image gallery was engaging (but function/purpose was confusing).
Home Page: Findings

- Logo doesn’t link to Portal home page
- Right navigation changes on interior pages
- Few used the horizontal nav to get to secondary pages
Home Page: Recommendations

- Entire header image links to home page
- Horizontal menu links directly to topics (no roll-over)
- Prominent image gallery with captions and easier paging
- Search tool is more prominent
- Student-friendly language in definition
- Easily recognizable graphics
Primary Topic Pages
It was difficult for users to find the resources described in content.

Topics listed, but not linked, from main content area.

Right navigation bar is different from home page.

“Did You Know” covers up footer on some pages.
Many students struggled with unfamiliar vocabulary words.

Internal scroll bar was challenging for many users.

Right navigation bar is different between topics.
Primary Topic Page: Recommendations

- Strong left navigation menu to explore
- No internal scroll bar
- Breadcrumbs and print tool are easier to see
- Content looks easy-to-read; vocab words are defined
- Homework Help and News are integrated into topic content
There are millions of chemicals on Earth. Humans use them every day in various ways. Both natural and human-made chemicals can be hazardous to people and the planet if not handled correctly.

A chemical is a substance that has specific properties and may interact with other substances and change form. Chemicals can enter our bodies through our skin, food and drink, and the air we breathe. The degree of harmfulness depends on how we are exposed, the amount of the chemical we are exposed to, and the length of time that we are exposed.

In this section of the Web site, explore commonly used chemicals and consider swapping them for safer options to get the job done. You can lower your health risks by recognizing toxic (harmful) chemicals in your home and school and learning ways to protect yourself. Find out what scientists and public health officials are doing to limit our exposure to harmful substances.

We use chemicals every day. There are millions of different chemicals on Earth. Some chemicals can be harmful to people (and the planet!), especially if they are not handled properly.

How do chemicals enter the body?
Chemicals can enter your body through:
• Your skin
• Food and drink
• The air you breathe

You can lower your health risks by recognizing toxic (harmful) chemicals in your home and school and learning ways to protect yourself.

Learn more about chemicals
In this section of the Web site, you will learn about common chemicals that you might use in your home or school. Find out how you can replace harmful chemicals with safer options to get the job done. Explore what scientists and public health officials are doing to protect people from toxic chemicals.
Use Headers Strategically.
Using different styles for first and second level headers helps users quickly scan content on the page.

Try plain language strategies.
Text appears easier to read when:
• Paragraphs are short (no more than 5 lines)
• Bullets present lists of information
• Pages have plenty of white space

Improve health literacy.
Give users actionable information. Define medical or technical terms. Explain the health benefits of addressing environmental issues.
Secondary Topic Pages
Users were frustrated that these bulleted items were not linked text.

Lateral navigation to other topics was missed/confusing.

Right navigation menu is different from primary topic pages.

“Did You Know” content was particularly challenging for readability.
Secondary Topic Page: Recommendations

Navigation menu stays consistent

“Did You Know” is in main content area
Supplementary Pages
Anchor links were confusing for some users; only used for secondary topics.

Similar styles for different headings on the page.

Internal scroll bar was again challenging for many users.
Experiments and Projects: Findings

Page includes headers with no content

Users wanted more description of linked resources

No “back to top” links – users must use internal scroll bar
Supplementary Pages: Recommendations

- Graphical, eye-catching links to page sections
- Anchor links in clear grid pattern
- Resources include detailed descriptions
- “Return to Top” links make it easy for users to navigate elsewhere on the page

There is Something in the Air -
Lesson Plan (Grades 6, 7, 8), 20 min prep; 15 min class
Students will compare the dispersal of odors indoors and outdoors.
Other Key Findings
Search

The 4 search results for ‘acid rain’ have almost identical titles and URLs.

“\textit{A lot of trial and error.”} – Teacher

Students often expected search links to go to external sites.
External Resources

- Resources generally perceived as engaging and valuable
- Both students and teachers wanted descriptions
- Broken links caused frustration and were often mentioned by participants in wrap-up interviews
- Look and feel quickly ‘cue’ users to whether or not a resource will be age-appropriate
“This is much more interesting. There are words in different colors, and there are these cartoon pictures” – Student
Summary
Summary

+ Continue adding a variety of resources (videos, lesson plans, etc.) to the Portal
+ Change layout of navigational elements to help users complete tasks
+ Use plain language best practices to improve readability of original site content
+ Give more context for external resources
+ Consider tools to help teachers incorporate EH into the curriculum
Quick Hits

+ Remove “Topics” drop-down in top navigation and replace with direct links to 4 primary topics

+ Use unique page titles to improve search result display

+ Use student-friendly language for ‘What is Environmental Health?’ on home page

+ Use headers, bullets, and white space to make content easier to scan and more approachable
Summary on Redesign

+ **Navigation**
  + Home page; primary topic pages; secondary topic pages; supplementary pages
    - All make good sense; all equally important and cost-effective

+ **Introductory texts for primary and secondary topic pages**
  + Headers, white space, bullets, plain language, no previews
    - Can be involved, but should prob do, because everyone was frustrated with previews

+ **Descriptive texts for internal links**
  + Everyone wanted this; should be done in-house, but CMS or LMS needs to accommodate this

+ **Search**
  + Search results have almost identical urls; Communicate Health suggests we use unique page titles to improve search result display
    - Discuss with developers whether this is feasible, given the cost (I am out of my depth)